

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF PLANNING
RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO-545
ANSWERED ON-08.08.2013
Issuance of Aadhar Cards

545 . Shri Parvez Hashmi

- (a) The number of people in India who have been issued Aadhaar Cards so far and the number thereof in Delhi;
- (b) Whether Aadhaar cards were not issued against their registration at many places and it has detected that the contracts of those agencies have been terminated and there is possibility of misuse of data available with them in such circumstances and the details thereof; and
- (c) The steps suppose to be taken in the above said circumstances by such registered people as such persons are hanging in the middle and the Aadhaar card is being made mandatory in all Government departments by Government and the details thereof ?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS & PLANNING
(SHRI RAJEEV SHUKLA)

(a) & (b) As on 26th July 2013, the total number of Aadhaar numbers generated was 39,36,31,058. and the number of Aadhaar numbers generated pertaining to Delhi was 1,44,34,362. The number of enrolment packets under process as on 26th July, 2013 was 42.65 crore approximately. As soon as the enrolment process in respect of an individual is completed, the data captured by the Enrolment Agency (EA) is encrypted and stored in digitally encrypted format. This data can subsequently be accessed only by using a Private digital key of UIDAI or Registrars (if Registrar has opted for a copy). Hence, there is no possibility of EAs misusing the collected data. UIDAI has also issued guidelines and best practices for data protection, for strict compliance by the Enrolment Agencies and Registrars.

(c) The enrolment agencies are mandated to synchronize the Enrolment Client with the Central Identities Data Repository every 10 days and upload the enrolment packets within 20 days of enrolment. Thus, the enrolment packets due for upload from the EAs are tracked & monitored by the Regional Offices of UIDAI / Registrars. If the data packets of the residents are rejected on account of various process/ technical errors the concerned Registrars are informed to re-enroll all such residents. In such cases, the residents are also informed to re-enrol through various means of publicity such as UIDAI portal, Contact Centers, grievance redressal mechanism of UIDAI and advertisements published by Registrars.

The key role of the UIDAI is to issue the UID number (called Aadhaar number). The State Governments and Central Government Ministries responsible for implementation of various schemes, utilize and leverage the Aadhaar number as a platform for service delivery, and any decision relating to requirement of Aadhaar number under any given scheme is within the domain of the concerned agency/Department.